

# 10 Second guide to error analysis

If the parameters of the function are uncorrelated, take the total differential:

$$df(a,b,c) = \frac{\partial f(a,b,c)}{\partial a} da + \frac{\partial f(a,b,c)}{\partial b} db + \frac{\partial f(a,b,c)}{\partial c} dc$$

Approximate the error in the function this way:

$$\Delta f(a,b,c) \approx \sqrt{\left| \frac{\partial f(a,b,c)}{\partial a} \right|^2 |\Delta a|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial f(a,b,c)}{\partial b} \right|^2 |\Delta b|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial f(a,b,c)}{\partial c} \right|^2 |\Delta c|^2}$$

Here's an example:

ex.  $f(a,b,c) = abc = 450, a = 10, b = 15, c = 3.0 \quad \Delta a = 1 \quad \Delta b = 2, \quad \Delta c = 0.8$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\Delta f(a,b,c)}{f(a,b,c)} &= \frac{1}{abc} \sqrt{ |bc|^2 |\Delta a|^2 + |ac|^2 |\Delta b|^2 + |ab|^2 |\Delta c|^2 } = \sqrt{ |\Delta a/a|^2 + |\Delta b/b|^2 + |\Delta c/c|^2 } \\ &= \sqrt{ |1/10|^2 + |2/15|^2 + |0.8/3.0|^2 } = 0.314 \quad \text{or} \quad \Delta f(a,b,c) = 141.5 \end{aligned}$$

A VERY much more complex intro to errors fitting etc. can be found at:

<http://www.hep.vanderbilt.edu/~wjohns/classes/225b/lecture1/page.pdf>

And the case with correlated errors can be found at:

<http://www.hep.vanderbilt.edu/~wjohns/classes/225b/lecture2/page.pdf>