

Equations

$$I = \frac{dq}{dt}, \quad I = \int \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{A}, \quad V = IR, \quad P = IV, \quad \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$\phi_B = \int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{A}, \quad \varepsilon = -\frac{d\phi_B}{dt}, \quad \phi_B = BA \text{ (sometimes)}, \quad \varepsilon = -L\frac{dI}{dt}$$

$$(Increasing) \quad I = I_0(1 - e^{-t/\tau}), \quad \tau = L/R, \quad (decreasing) \quad I = I_0e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$\vec{F} = I\vec{l} \times \vec{B}, \quad d\vec{F} = I d\vec{l} \times \vec{B}, \quad \phi_E = \int \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A}, \quad \oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{s} = -\frac{d\phi_B}{dt}$$

$$B = \mu_0 n I \quad (\text{solenoid}), \quad L = \mu_0 n^2 A l \quad (\text{solenoid}), \quad B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \quad (\text{infinite wire})$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I \phi}{4\pi R} \quad (\text{center of circular arc of angle} = \phi)$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R} \quad (\text{center of whole loop}), \quad B = \frac{\mu_0 N I}{2\pi r} \quad (\text{toroid}), \quad KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$U_L = (1/2) LI^2, \quad U_C = (1/2) CV^2, \quad Work = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}, \quad Power = \frac{dW}{dt} = Fv$$

$$\vec{F} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}, \quad qvB = \frac{mv^2}{r}, \quad \omega = 2\pi f, \quad \omega = \frac{v}{r}$$

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B}, \quad \vec{\tau} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F}, \quad \vec{\mu} = I\vec{A}$$

$$d\vec{B} = \left(\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi}\right) \frac{I d\vec{l} \times \vec{r}}{r^3} = \left(\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi}\right) \frac{I d\vec{l} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}, \quad \oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \mu_0 I_{\text{enclosed}}$$

Constants

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_0 &= 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \frac{Tm}{A} \\ c &= 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s} \\ e &= 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon_0 &= 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \frac{C^2}{Nm^2} \\ g &= 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ M_{\text{proton}} &= 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg} \end{aligned}$$