

Brass
Pin

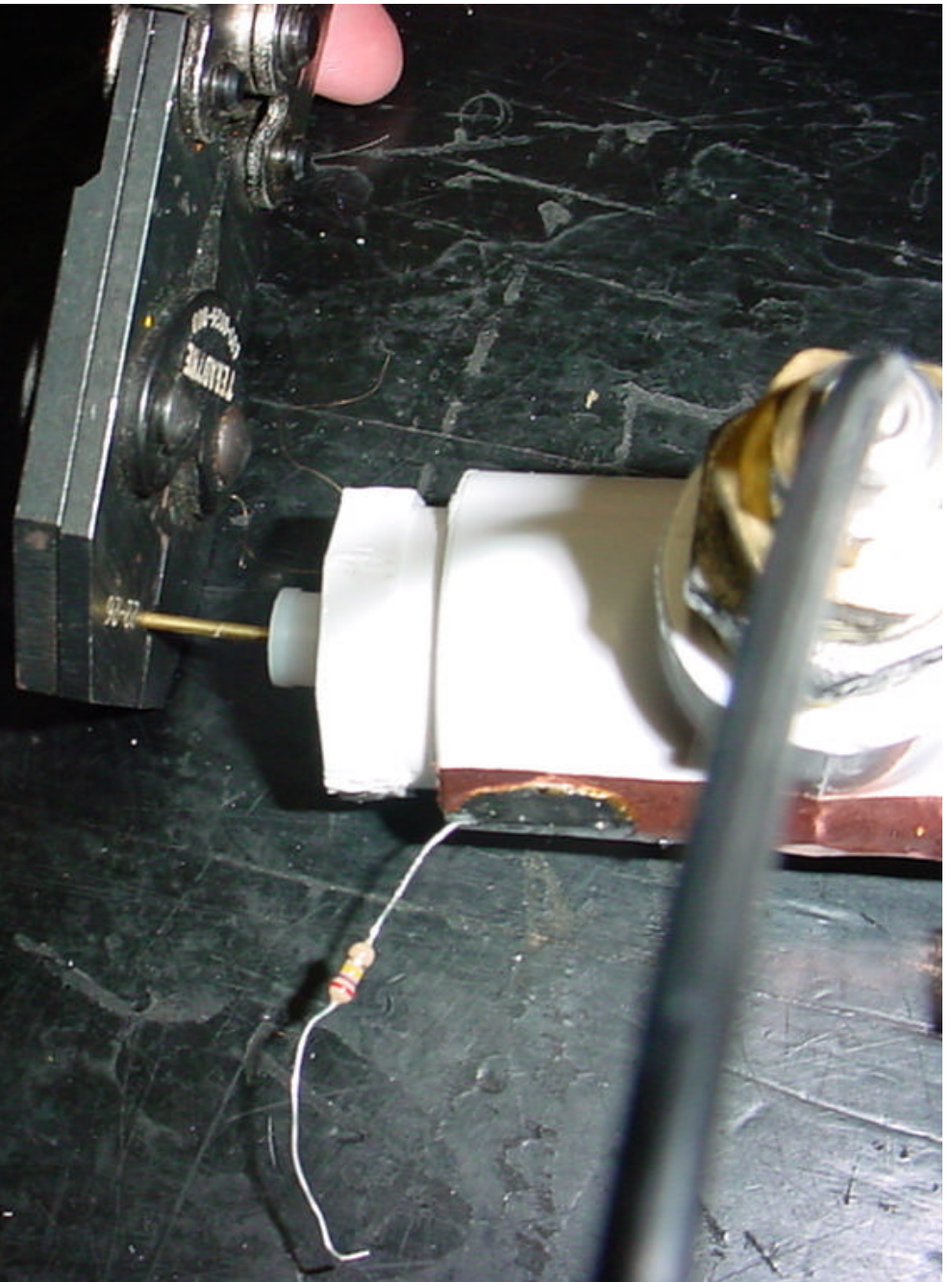
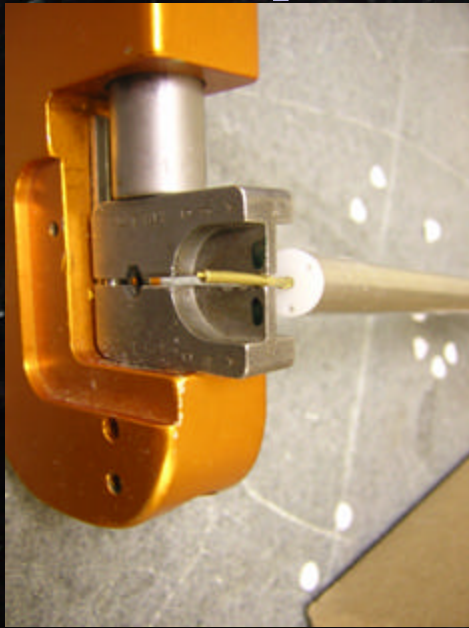
High Voltage
connector

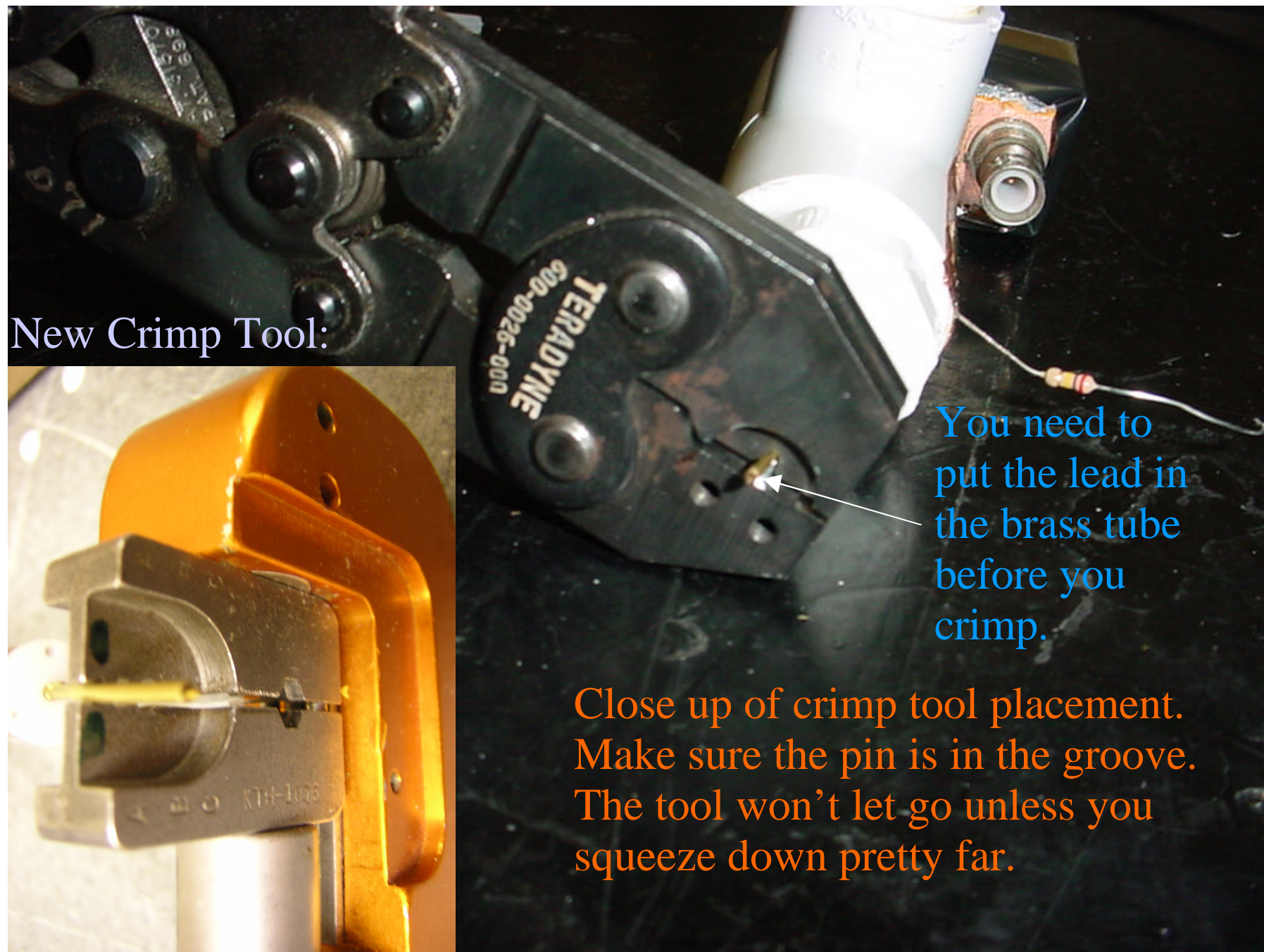
Endcap

The wire is the thin white
line, and we have strung it
all the way through before
replacing the end caps.

Crimping the wire nearest the spool, you will repeat this on the other side after you apply tension (with a weight) to the other side.

New Crimp Tool:





New Crimp Tool:

You need to put the lead in the brass tube before you crimp.

Close up of crimp tool placement. Make sure the pin is in the groove. The tool won't let go unless you squeeze down pretty far.

When you tension the wire. Try to put something round at the edge of the table. Preferably at the same level as the pin so you don't bend the wire on an edge



Idealized wire in this picture!



It can be easier just
to tape the wire
around the weight.

We've insulated this
pin so it doesn't short
to the aluminum foil.



Gas line is
connected!

This is ground.

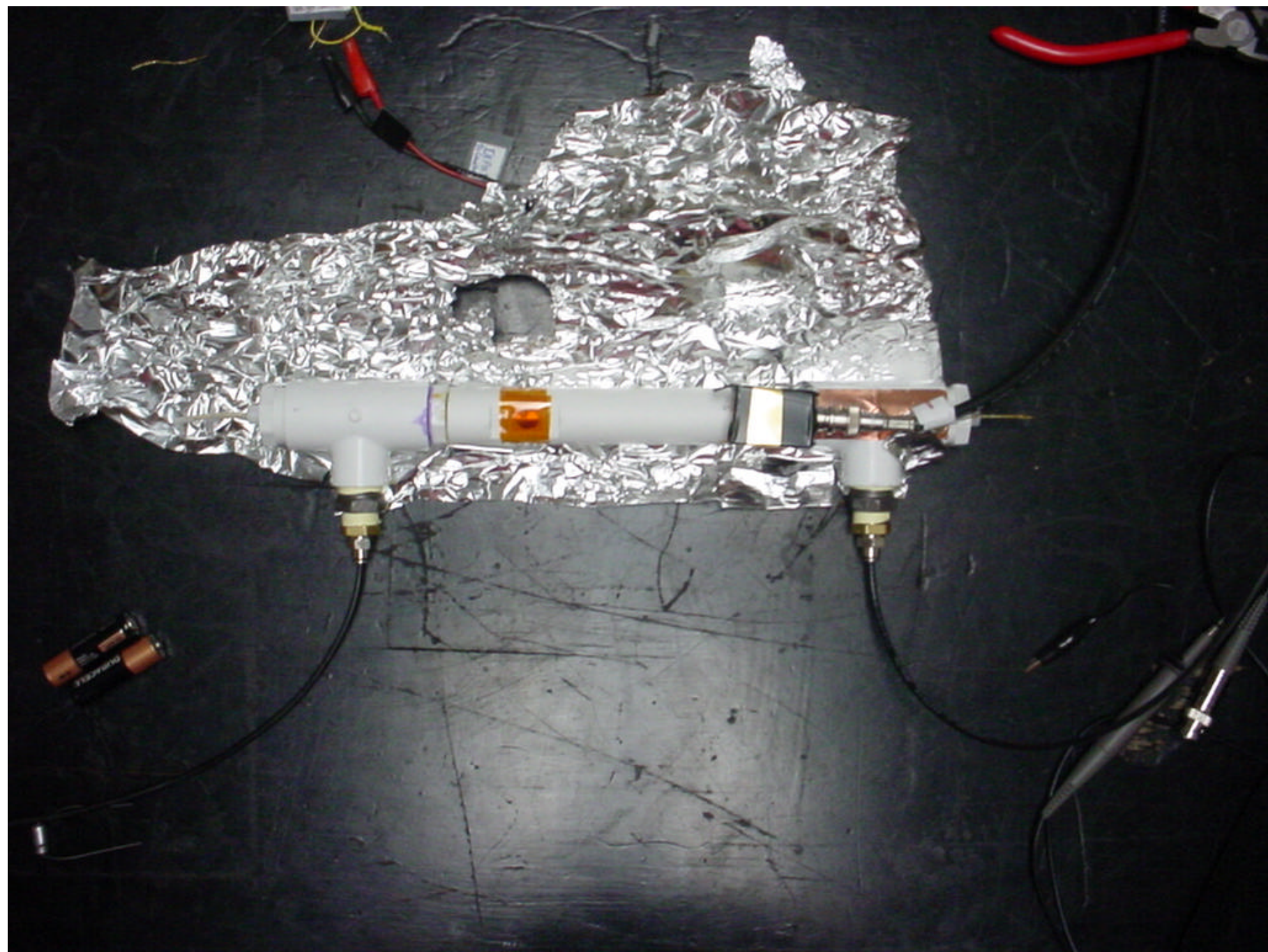
Notice the resistor
is wrapped around
the pin. This pin is
close to ground and
safe to touch.



Finished tube, ready for aluminum foil.

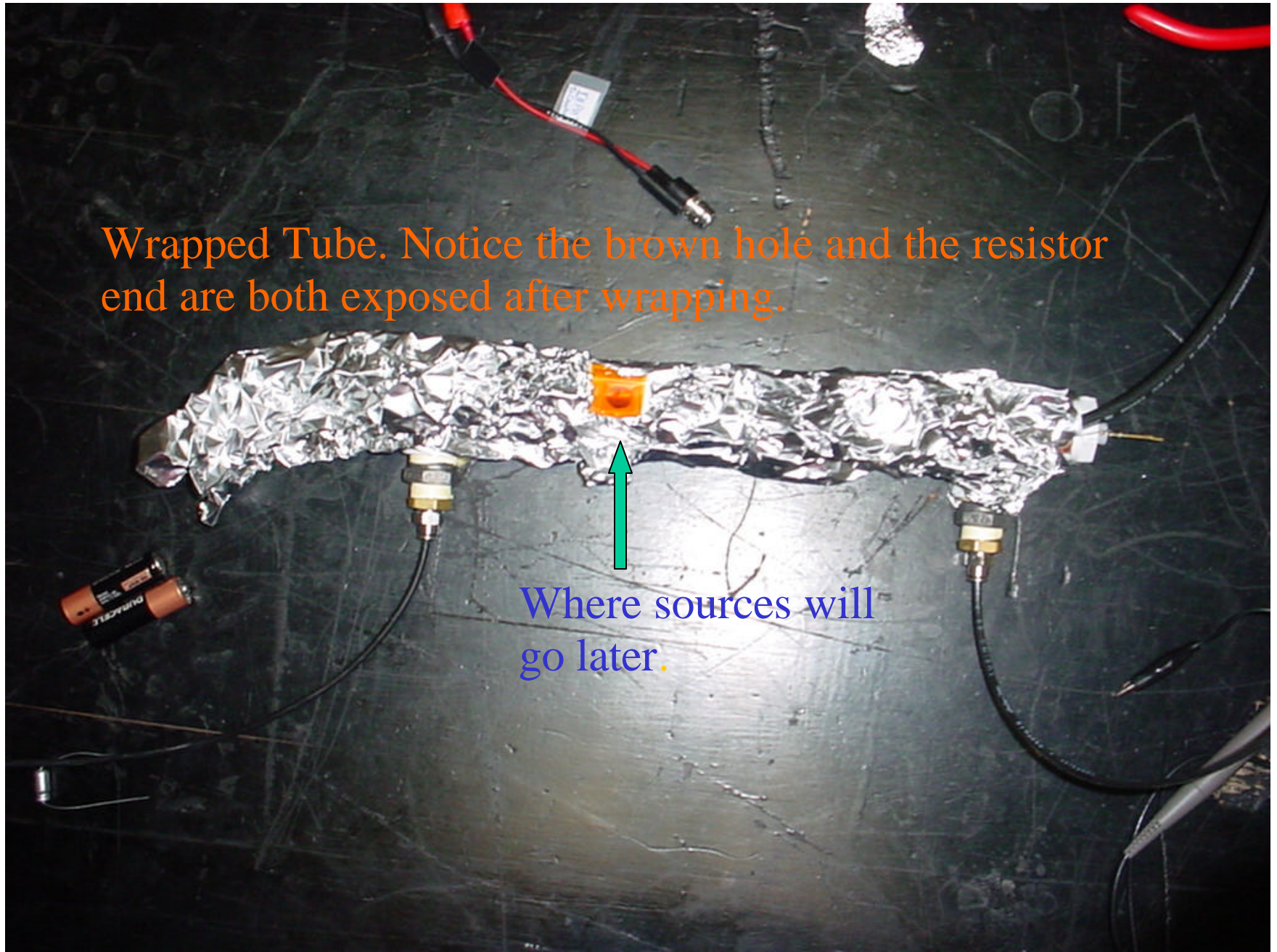
High
Voltage
cable is
attached





Wrapped Tube. Notice the brown hole and the resistor end are both exposed after wrapping.

Where sources will go later.

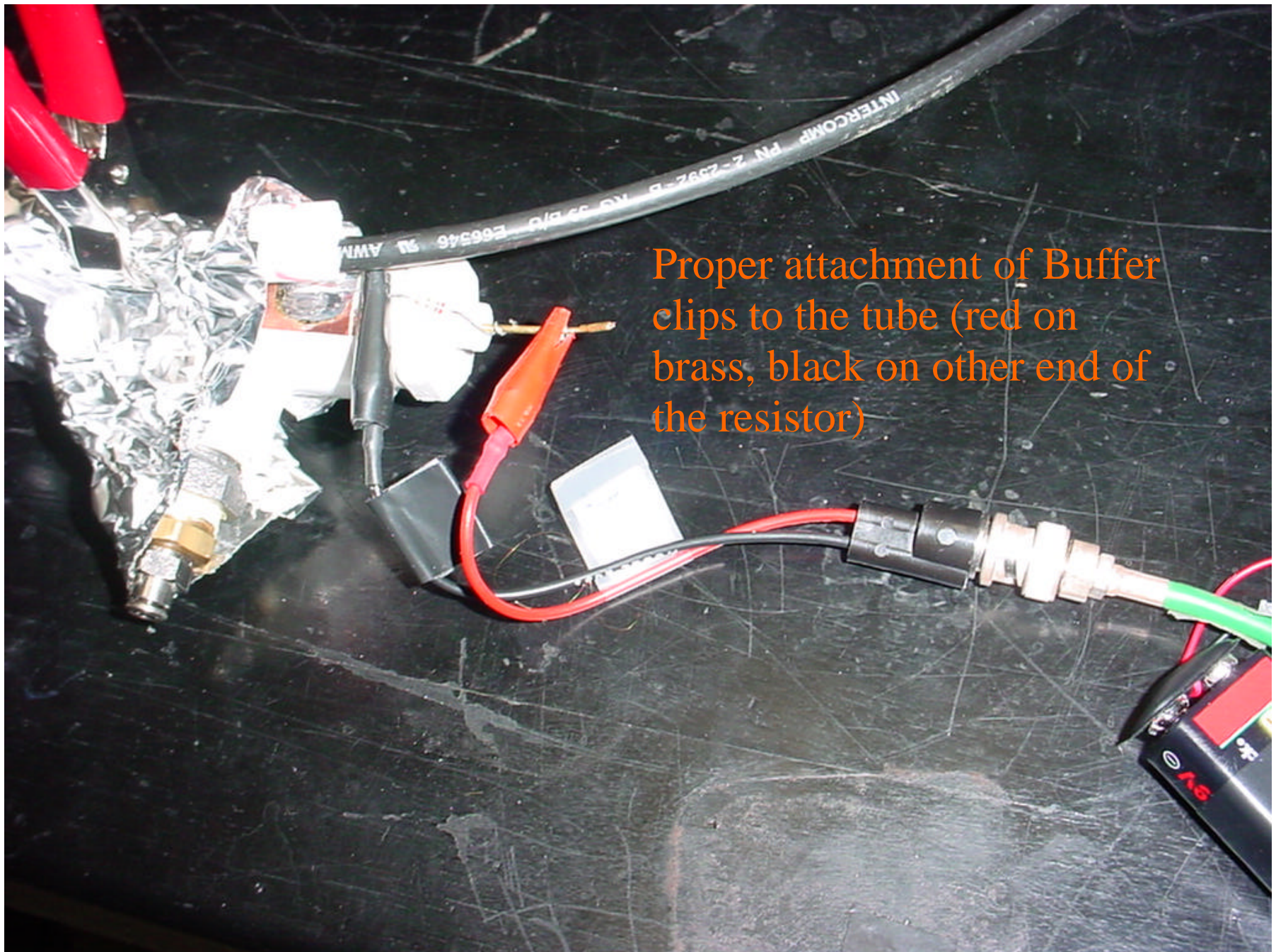


Clamping the aluminum foil to the outside of the high voltage cable.



Proper way to connect the
scope probe to the tube.
The black lead is hooked
to the other end of the
resistor



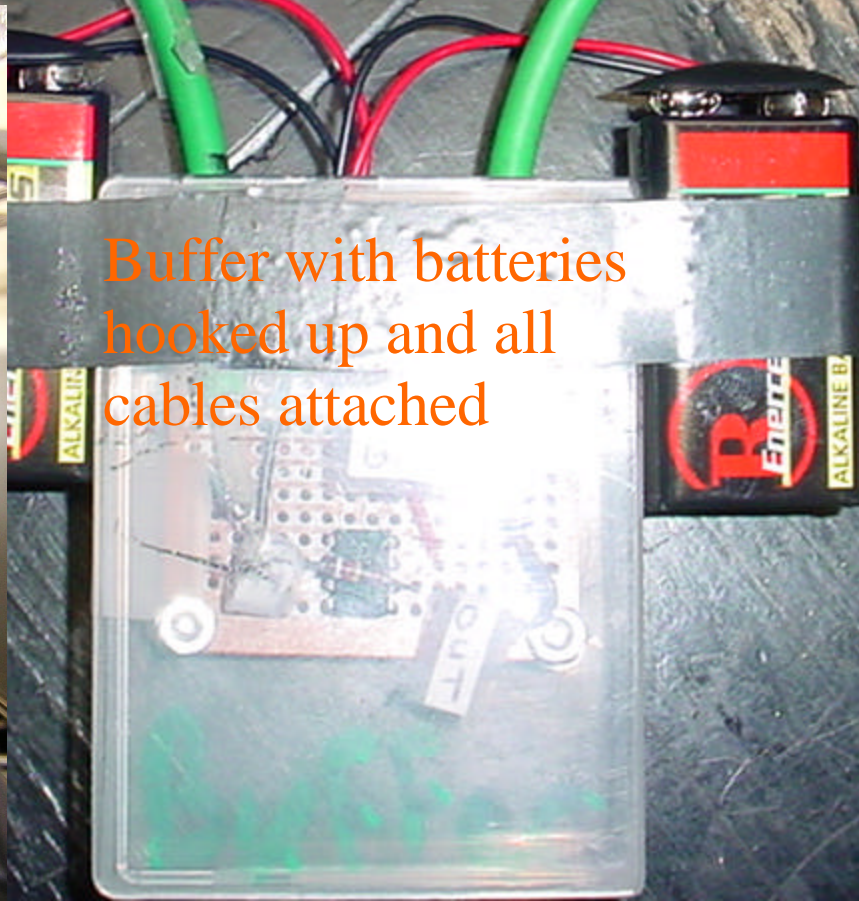


Proper attachment of Buffer clips to the tube (red on brass, black on other end of the resistor)

To tube

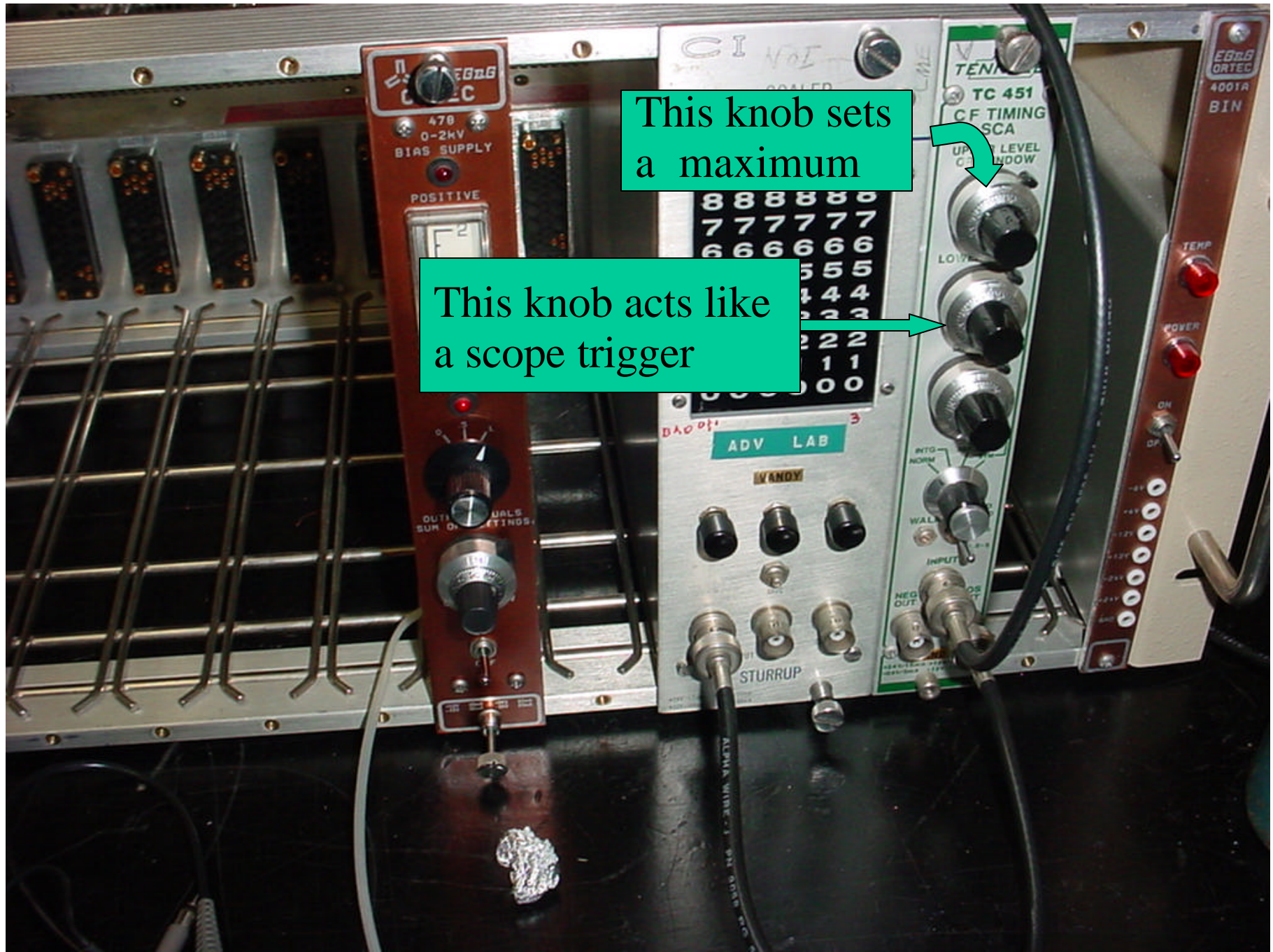
To SCA

New Buffer Module:



Buffer with batteries
hooked up and all
cables attached

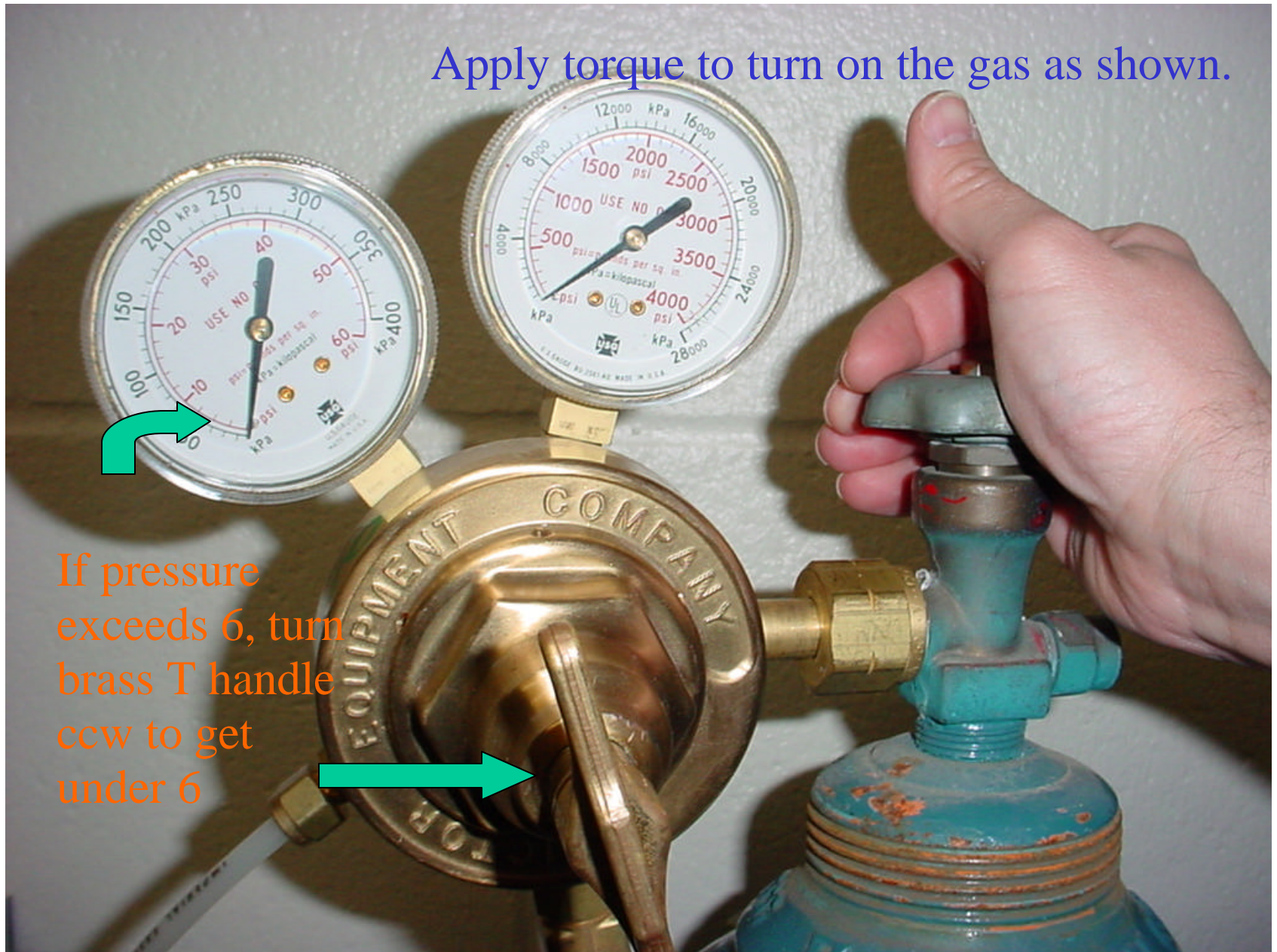
Cable from Buffer



This knob sets
a maximum

This knob acts like
a scope trigger

Apply torque to turn on the gas as shown.



If pressure exceeds 6, turn brass T handle ccw to get under 6

Turn up the
Gas flow ccw

