

Take Home Exam III  
Decays

1)a) Which of the following decays occurs and which does not. Please explain why one of them does not.(10 pts)

$$\Lambda^0 \rightarrow p + \pi^-$$

$$\Lambda^0 \rightarrow \bar{p} + \pi^+$$

b) Can the following decays occur? If not, why not?(4 pts each)

$$\tau^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ + \pi^- + \pi^+ + \bar{\nu}_\tau$$

$$\Xi^0 \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}^0 + \pi^0$$

$$\nu_e + \bar{\nu}_e \rightarrow \nu_\mu + \bar{\nu}_\mu$$

$$\nu_e + \bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu + \bar{\nu}_e$$

$$\Sigma^- \rightarrow K^- + K^+ + K^-$$

$$\bar{p} + \Sigma^- \rightarrow K^- + K^+ + K^- + \pi^+$$

$$\Xi^- \rightarrow \Xi^0 + e^- + \bar{\nu}_e$$

c) Please draw the Feynman diagram for the following 2 interactions: (you may find your notes or the homework solutions helpful)(6 pts each)

$$\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ + \nu_e + \bar{\nu}_\mu$$

$$\pi^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ + \nu_\mu$$